

1003

Blue Book

(B)

Q1

NAME

SUBJECT Contracts

INSTRUCTOR Atoma

EXAM SEAT NO. SECTION

DATE 8-16-10 GRADE

10^{7/8} x 8^{1/4}

50 - 16 PAGE

QUESTION 1. QCL

SALE OF GOODS

~~BASED ON~~ OF ~~SELLER~~ OF ~~BUYING~~ CERAMICS

1. VALID K WITH P + B

- A VALID K MUST HAVE AN OFFER, ACCEPTANCE, AND CONSIDERATION
- THE FACTS INDICATE THERE WAS AN OFFICIAL WRITING K BETWEEN P + B WHICH HAS THE ESSENTIALS OF AN OFFER BEING QUANTITY, PRICE, SUBJECT, DURATION, ETC. B THEN ACCEPTED BY AN EQUIVALENT ASSENT TO THE PROPOSED OFFER OF SALE OF CERAMICS. THE CONSIDERATION IS A BARGAIN FOR EXCHANGE WHERE P MAKES THE CERAMICS, B SELLS, AND BOTH MAKE A PROFIT, CONSTUTING A BARGAIN

- VARIOUS K BETWEEN P + B

K Between P + X - DELEGATION OF DUTIES

- A DELEGATION OF DUTIES INVOLVES A DELEGATOR

DELEGATING HIS DUTIES TO A DELEGATEE,

WHERE IT MAY BE NON-DELEGABLE IF IT IS

TOO PERSONAL WITH THE OBLIGEE OR MAY

INCREASE THE BURDEN OF RISK OR DUTY ON

OBLIGEE.

- HERE, P DELEGATED ALL HIS DUTIES OF PRODUCTION

OF TEAPOTS + TURBINES TO X BECAUSE X

WOULD PRODUCE THEM AT A FASTER RATE. HOWEVER,

UNDER THE FIRST K WITH P + B, PROVIDES

A CLAUSE WHICH READS "NEITHER PARTY MAY"

"ASSIGN THE RIGHTS UNDER K WITHOUT CONSENT."

Generally, unless given consent by B, THE DELEGATION

IS VOID, AND THE POWER/RIGHTS ARE ELIMINATED.

IF THE K PROHIBITS ASSIGNMENTS. B DIDN'T
IN FACT CONSENT.

• THIS DELEGATION MAY BE VOID.

ASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS FROM P TO M

• AN ASSIGNMENT IS THE ASSIGNING OF RIGHTS

FROM THE ASSIGNOR TO AN ASSIGNEE INVOLVING

THE RIGHTS TO AN EXISTING K, WHERE THERE MUST

BE AN ADEQUATE DESCRIPTION AND VESTING FROM

ASSIGNEE

- BY P TURNING OVER THE WHOLE K TO M,
HE HAS ASSIGNED HIS RIGHTS TO THE STER
DF THE CERAMICS TO M. IT MAY BE
DETERMINED THE DOCUMENTS DESCRIBING THE
ASSIGNMENT IS NOT SPECIFIC enough, BUT THE
LATER K WOULD SATISFY THAT ISSUE.
THIS WOULD CONSTITUTE AN ASSIGNMENT TO M, BUT
THERE MAY BE LIMITATIONS.
- "VALID" ASSIGNMENT FROM P TO M
For an assignment to be valid, there
MUST NOT Be ANY CONTRACTUAL LIMITATIONS
WHICH INCLUDE ANY LANGUAGE IN THE ORIGINAL
K OF "VOID" OR "NULLIFIED" BECAUSE THESE

WOULD ELIMINATE THE ASSIGNMENT AS WELL AS THE POWER AND RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES. FACTUAL LIMITATIONS INCLUDE ANY INCREASED BURDEN ON THE OBLIGOR IN TERMS OF MATERIAL DUTY OR RISK.

• IN TERMS OF CONTRACTUAL LIMITATIONS, THE ORIGINAL K BETWEEN P + B SAYS THERE MAY NOT BE AN ASSIGNMENT WITHOUT CONSENT FROM THE OTHER PARTY. B DON'T CONSENT + P ASSIGNING HER RIGHTS TO M, BUT THIS WOULDN'T ELIMINATE THE ASSIGNMENT. THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES WOULD BE ELIMINATED BUT NOT THE POWER BECAUSE THERE IS NO

LAWCLAGE. INDICATING THE ASSIGNMENT AS UP TO P.

HOWEVER THE FACTUAL UNITS MIGHT

MAKE THE ASSIGNMENT IMPERFECTIVE. IT DOES

APPEAR THERE WAS AN INCREASED BURDEN OF

B DUTIES AS THE SHIPMENTS WERE BECOMING

~~LAST~~-INCREASINGLY LARGER, AND WERE

EVEN DIFFERENT IN STYLE FROM WHAT

P + B ORIGINALLY AGREED ON. THE REASON

B ENTERED INTO THE AGREEMENT WAS BECAUSE

HE THOUGHT P'S FIGURES WERE "ATTRACTIVE"

+ HAD INTEREST IN THEM.

• BECAUSE OF THE INCREASED BURDEN OF B'S DUTIES

IN COMPARISON TO THE ORIGINAL K WHERE P

WAS PRODUCING SMALLER + DIFFERENT STYLE SHIPMENTS,

I BELIEVE THIS ASSIGNMENT WOULD BE ~~VALID~~ VOID,

ELIMINATING THE POWER + RIGHTS.

REMEDIES

B v M

• A NO LIABILITY B/c OBLIGOR (B) MAY NEVER SEE
THE ASSIGNEE (M)

B v P

• B MAY SEE P FOR A MATERIAL BREACH BECAUSE
THE ASSIGNMENT WHICH WTS VOID INCREASED THE BURDEN
ON B, ~~AND~~ CREATING A MUCH DIFFERENT DUTY FOR B.

HE MAY SEEK CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IF THERE
WERE ANY FORESEEABLE DAMAGES WHICH RESULTED

From the nature + probable consequence of such assignment. Also may sue P as the delegator as there is no notation relieving P of his duties required from B

B v X

FROM B

• B may sue ~~for~~ X ~~or~~ as the delegate for any damages that may occur as a result from X's actions

P v X

• Under a delegation, the delegator may sue the delegate for not performing the delegator's obligations sufficiently. Here, X (delegate) performed P's (delegator) obligations just fine, just at a more rapid pace, which P was aware of before time or K, there is no relief therefore

X V P

• Because P's original K with X stated

There is to be a 2 year K, which

appears to be valid, P is in breach

by assigning the K to M. Therefore,

X may seek damages or expectancy of

market value - K value or reliance if

X arranged or bought equipment/materials

in reliance of the 2 year K.

X V M

?

• X may seek damages from M (assignee), but

it will probably fail because the assignee generally

is never liable, and the assignment was deemed

To Be VOID, claimants the right and power to sue ~~P~~

Assignee. ~~He~~ X will most likely have to sue ~~T~~ these

DAMAGES FROM P

M v P

• May sue under AN IMPLIED WARRANTY

OF DEFENSES, BECAUSE P AS THE ASSIGNOR

LIMITED THE EFFECT OF THE ASSIGNMENT

BY CONTRACTING WITH B AND NOT MENTIONING

THE NONASSIGNMENT ASPECT. BASICALLY, BE

IMPAIR THE ASSIGNMENT, P HAS AFFECTED

M'S WARRANTY OF ENJOYMENT.

CONTRACTS FINAL
Professor AIONA
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ISSUE LIST: QUESTION ONE

- b/s
- I. Applicable Law *Ys*
 - II. Valid contract b/ P and B/terms
 - III. Contract b/ P and X: valid?
 - IV. Breach by P re X's production?
 - V. Assignment/delegation of B contract to M: valid?
 - VI. Assignment/delegation of X contract to M: valid?

v/s

 - VII. B v. P
 - VIII. M v. B

v/s

 - IX. M v. P
 - X. X v. M
 - XI. X v. P

Comments:

Excellent job... Not sure I agree
w/ M's finding re X... but good job.